

ZEUS APPOLLO™ Z21 Hybrid Series

Efficiency

- Maximum efficiency up to 97.6%
- European efficiency up to 97.0%
- MPPT efficiency up to 99.9%
- [←] Dual MPPT design

Safety

- IP65 Protection (Suitable for indoor and outdoor use)
- ✤ 45°C full-load output and wide ambient temperature range
- Inbuilt DC switch

Features

- * Up to 4600W of charge and $\,$ discharge capability
- Reactive power control
- Emergency backup output (UPS) that provides up to 6900W of power during a power outage (4.6kW model)
- * Programmable charge times and load prioritisation
- $^{ op}$ Receive email notifications in the event of a fault
- Remote monitoring and control via 'Z21 Manager'
- Available on the iPhone ANDROID APP ON GOOgle. play

Zero export function inbuilt



The new Zeus Appollo Z21 hybrid inverter with a battery storage system is suitable for both on-grid and emergency back-up PV applications. The Z21 series allows the user to charge the battery during the day and draw from it whenever it is needed for an even more energy efficient and cost effective solution for your premises. Being a fully programmable hybrid inverter, the Z21 allows the user to determine whether the electricity generated is to be consumed, stored or fed back into the grid. With the added programmability of charging the battery storage system from the grid and multiple communications and monitoring options, the management of your solar generation has never been easier. With Zeus Appollo, we put you in full control of your solar needs.



Technical data Z21I4K6D48/Z21I3K6D48



Inverter Model	Z21I4K6D48	Z21I3K6D48
Input (DC)		
Max. Recommended DC Power [V		4600
Max. DC Voltage [V]	580	580
MPPT Voltage Range [V] Starting Voltage [V]	125-550 125	125-550 125
Max. Input Current [A]	11/11	11/11
Number of DC Connectors	2	2
Number of MPPTs	2 (Can be parallel)	2 (Can be parallel)
DC Connector Type	SUNCLIX/MC4 (optional)	SUNCLIX/MC4 (optional)
Battery	Lithium-ion*	Lithium-ion*
Battery Type Nominal Voltage [V]	48	48
Charging Voltage	57V	57V
Max. Discharge Power [W]	4600	3600
Max. Charge Power [W]	4600, programmable	3600, programmable
Battery Capacity [Ah]		ending on requirement) ptive with maintenance
Battery Temperature Compensation		luded (Li-lon)
Battery Voltage Sense		Integrated (
Current Shunt		Integrated
Output (AC)		
Nominal AC Power [W]	4600	3600
Max. AC Power [W] Peak Power (Back-Up) [W]	4950 6900, 10 sec	3600 5400, 10 sec
Max. AC Current [A]	20	16
Nominal AC Output	50/60Hz; 220/230Vac	
AC Output Range	45~55Hz/55~65Hz; 180~270Vac	
AC Output (Back-Up)	230Vac±2%, 50Hz±2%, THDv<3% (linear load)	
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) Power Factor	0.8 le	<1.5% ading - 0.8 lagging
Grid Connection		ingle phase
Efficiency		· ·
MPPT Adaptation Efficiency		99.9% 99.9%
European Efficiency		>97.0% >97.0%
Max. Efficiency		97.60% 97.60%
Safety & Protection		
Residual Current Monitoring Unit		Integrated
Islanding Protection DC Switch (PV)		Integrated Integrated
AC Over Current Protection		Integrated
DC Insulation Monitoring		Integrated
Normative Reference		
Grid Regulation Compliance		EC62109-2/1,VDE0126-1-1+A1,EN50438,G83/G59
EMC Compliance	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3, E	EN61000-6-4, EN61000-3-11, EN61000-3-12
Safety Compliance	IEC62109-1 & -2,	AS3100, IEC62040-1
Environment		
Degree of Protection	05.00	IP65
Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity	-25-60	°C (>45°C derating) 0-95%
Altitude [m]	4000	(>3000 derating)
Noise Emission (Typical) [dB]	1000	<25
General Data		-
Dimensions (L*W*H) [mm]	51	6*440*184
Weight [kg]		30 28
Cooling Concept		ral Convection
Topology		nsformerless
Communication Interfaces LCD Display		0; RS485; Wi-Fi D Light & APP
		5
Standard Warranty [Years]		(10 optional)

*Refer to the 'Approved Batteries For Zeus Appollo Z21 & Z22 Series Products' document or contact Zeus Appollo for a full list of permitted battery options.

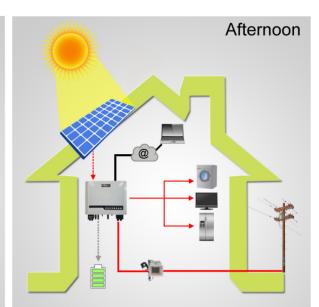


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How It Works



Energy produced by the PV system is used to optimize self-consumption. The excess energy is used to recharge the batteries.



When the batteries are fully charged and the system is already meeting self-consumption requirements, excess energy is fed into the power grid.



Once the sun has set, the system automatically switches to energy from the batteries.



If the battery capacity is insufficient to meet the self-consumption requirements, electricity is then imported from the power grid for use.



Z21 Series Hybrid Inverter + Energy Storage System